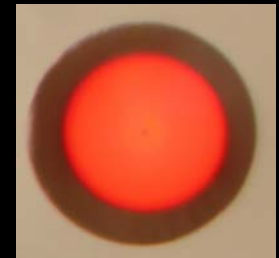
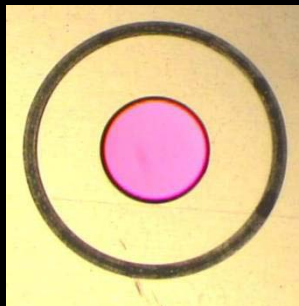
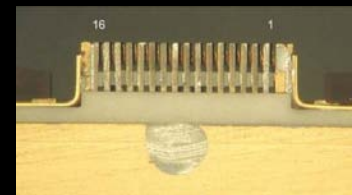
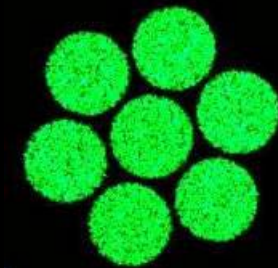
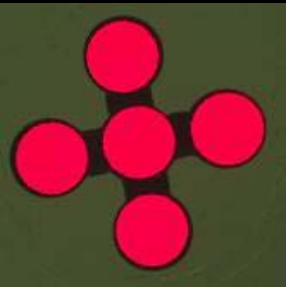


*Space Flight Applications of Optical Fiber Components*  
*32 Years of Mission Success*  
*September 21 2010, IEEE AVFOP*



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[misspiggy.gsfc.nasa.gov/photronics](http://misspiggy.gsfc.nasa.gov/photronics)  
[Photronics.gsfc.nasa.gov](http://Photronics.gsfc.nasa.gov)



# Outline



- Introductions - Who
- Successful usage of aerospace optical fiber systems
  - What, Where, & When.
- Example details
- Conclusion



# ***A Decade of Service from the Photonics Group for Photonics & Optical Fiber Components and Assemblies Code 562, Electrical Engineering Division of AETD, NASA GSFC***



<b>Project</b>	<b>Dates</b>	<b>Design</b>	<b>Qualification Performance over Harsh Environment</b>	<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>Integration</b>	<b>Failure Analysis</b>
<b>ICESAT, GLAS,</b>	<b>1997 - 2005</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>GSE</b>		<b>Prototype</b>
<b>ISS</b>	<b>1998 - 2008</b>					<b>Vendor/ Flight</b>
<b>ISS - HDTV</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>FLIGHT</b>		
<b>Fiber Optic Data Bus</b>	<b>1997 -2000</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>			
<b>Messenger – MLA,</b>	<b>2001 - 2004</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>FLIGHT</b>	<b>X</b>	
<b>Sandia National Labs (DOE)</b>	<b>1998 -2010</b>		<b>FLIGHT</b>			<b>Vendor/ Flight</b>
<b>ISS-Express Logistics Career</b>	<b>2006 -2010</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>FLIGHT</b>	<b>X</b>	
<b>Air Force Research Lab</b>	<b>2003, 2008, 2010</b>		<b>X</b>			
<b>Shuttle Return To Flight</b>	<b>2004 -2005</b>			<b>FLIGHT</b>		
<b>Lunar Orbiter Laser Altimeter</b>	<b>2003 -2008</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>FLIGHT</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>Prototype</b>
<b>Hubble Servicing Mission 4</b>	<b>2006</b>			<b>GSE</b>		
<b>Mars Science Lab ChemCam</b>	<b>2005 -2008</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>FLIGHT</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>Vendor</b>
<b>Laser Ranging, LRO</b>	<b>2005 - 2008</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>FLIGHT</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>Prototype</b>
<b>James Webb Space Telescope</b>	<b>2008 - 2009</b>		<b>X</b>	<b>Cryo GSE</b>		
<b>Fiber Laser &amp; Laser IRADs</b>	<b>2003 - 2010</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>QUAL</b>		
<b>Lunar Laser Comm Demo</b>	<b>2009 - 2010</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>X</b>	<b>GSE / Cryo</b>		



# What? Where? When?



## Historical Overview of Fiber Optics in Space 1978 - 1999

- **1978-1980, Long Duration Exposure Facility (LDEF)**
  - Passive optical fibers and fiber links
- **1989, Cosmic Background Explorer (COBE) satellite**  
( P.I. Nobel Prize for Physics – GSFC's Dr. John Mather)
  - Used photodiodes and optical fibers in a position and motion sensing of a mirror
  - Several erroneous position determinations observed
  - Little mission impact
- **1993, Photonic Space Experiment (Boeing)**
  - Optical Fiber Radiation Experiment
  - Passive Components Experiment
  - Strained quantum well laser and custom broadband LED experiments
  - Bit Error Rate experiment



# Current Fiber Data Links

(based on 1999 survey presentation)

PROJECT	LAUNCH	TECHNOLOGY	SYSTEM WAVE LENGTH
SAMPEX	7/92	MIL-STD-1773 1Mbps	850nm
MPTB	12/97	AS1773 20Mbps	1300nm
MAP	2000	AS1773 20Mbps	1300nm
XTE	12/96	MIL-STD-1773 1Mbps	850nm
HST	02/97	MIL-STD-1773 1Mbps	850nm
PSE	1995	MIL- STD-1773 1Mbps	850nm
TRMM, et al.	11/97	MIL- STD-1773 1Mbps	850nm



## Small Explorers (SMEX)

- SAMPEX four instruments, launched 1992 with a 1 Mbps MIL-STD-1773 Optical Fiber Databus.
- Transceivers fabricated by SCI
  - TI photonics parts.
- <http://sunland.gsfc.nasa.gov/smex/sampex/>
- Still functioning, last reaction wheel lost a few months ago, space craft still functioning.
- Power positive, spinning but functional for science data.
- First solid state recorder flown.



# Hubble Space Telescope



- Solid state recorder UTMIC protocol chips,
- Boeing transceivers. FO-1773
- Coprocessor, SM2, 1993
- Servicing, 1995 -1997
- Still functional.

## Space Borne Fiber Optic Data Bus

- Parallel Fiber Optic Data Bus, 1993
- ONI (Optivision) later became Space Photonics.
- First flight EO-1, cancelled during integration for funding issues, other instrument over budget.
- MTP Connector – Parallel
- Sandia now using optical fiber assemblies due to qualification of these assemblies during GSFC program.



# Instruments & Communications (since 1999)



- **International Space Station, US LAB 2001**
  - 125 Mbps, FDDI called High Rate Data Link (HRDL),
  - MIL 38999 Connectors w/ MIL 29504 Termini
  - Sent with cracked fiber, half being used, working NO REPORTED IMPACT.
  - GSFC lead failure analysis found during integration
  - Rocket engine defects are screened for and replaced during integration where possible.
- **Geoscience Laser Altimeter on ICESAT** (2003 launch)
  - Multi and single mode fibers, AVIM,
  - 2 Km of fiber used for delay line.
  - Confirms global warming
- **Mercury Laser Altimeter**, (2004 launch)
  - Receiver optic System(AVIM, Flexlite, Multimode Fiber)
  - Longest laser link established through space 24 MKm
  - Currently sending data from Mercury.





# Instruments & Communications (1999 - 2009)

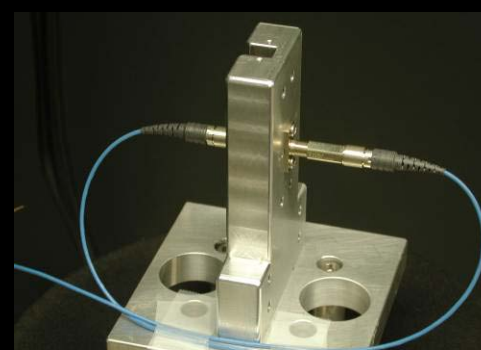
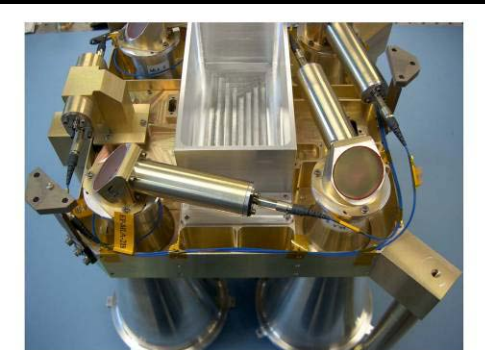


- **Shuttle-Return-to-Flight**
  - NEPTec high definition laser sensor camera
  - Optical fiber assemblies for laser and receiver optics
  - Terminated @ GSFC,
  - Packaging and failure analysis support for individual vendors.
- **GLAST**, using wavelength shifting fibers (launched 6-11-08)
- **Laser Ranging and Lunar Orbiter Laser Altimeter** (LRO launch 11-08)
  - Array bundles as part of receiver optical systems
  - LR Assemblies 10 m of 7 fiber bundles across 3 subsystems.
- **Express Logistics Carrier interface to ISS (ELC)**
  - (smart warehouse)
  - Space Photonics Transceivers, In house Electronics
  - In house manufacturing of Optical Fiber Harnessing.

# Mercury Laser Altimeter 2001-2003



Receiver telescopes focused into optical fiber assemblies that route to different detectors.  
The MLA is aboard MESSENGER on its way to Mercury!



# *The 24 Million Km Link with the Mercury Laser Altimeter*

**Jay Steigelman**

**Dave Skillman**

**Barry Coyle**

**John F. Cavanaugh**

**Jan F. McGarry**

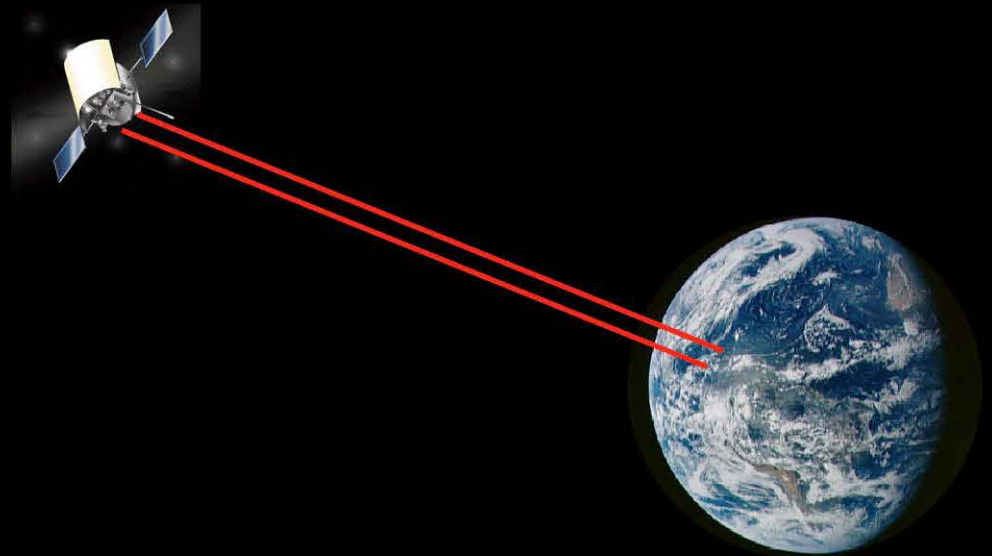
**Gregory A. Neumann**

**Xiaoli Sun**

**Thomas W. Zagwodzki**

**Dave Smith**

**Maria Zuber**



MOLA Science Team Meeting  
Bishop's Lodge, Santa Fe, NM  
August 24-25, 2005

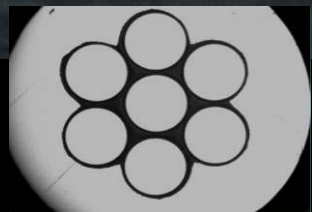




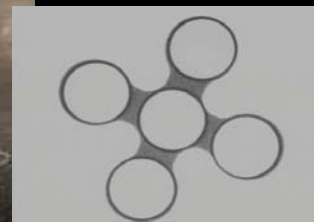
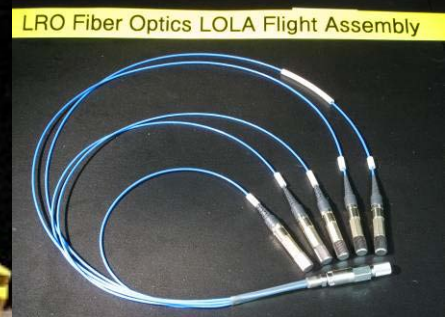
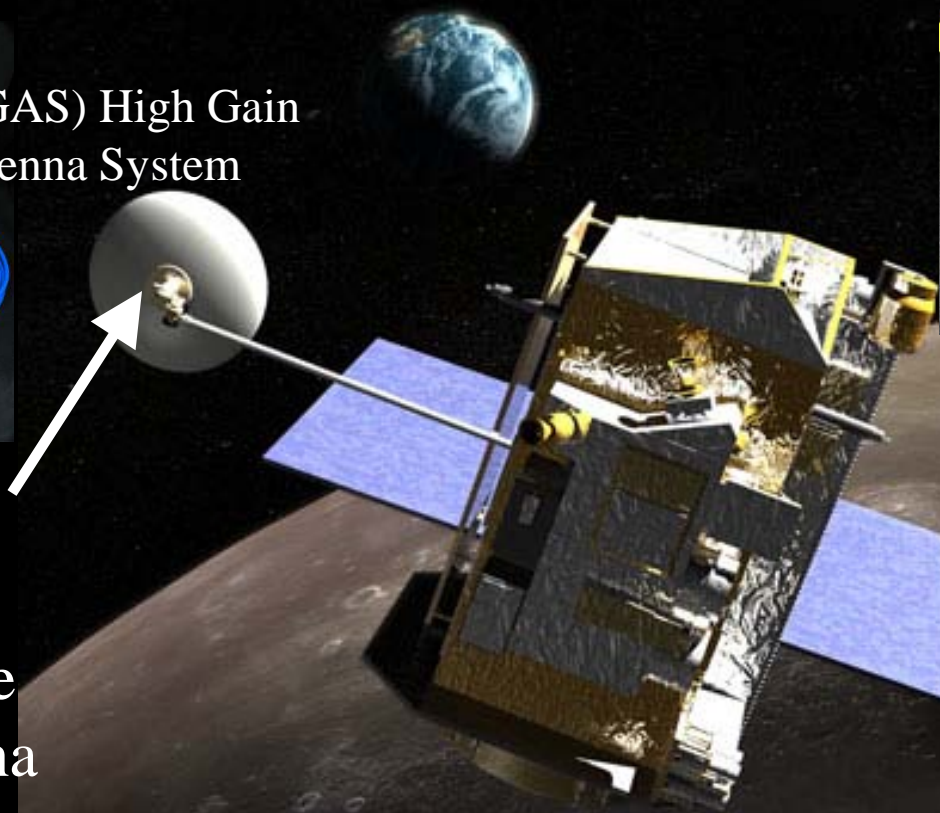
# *The Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter; The Laser Ranging Mission and the Lunar Orbiter Laser Altimeter*



(HGAS) High Gain Antenna System



Receiver Telescope mounted on antenna and a fiber array to route signal from HGAS to LOLA

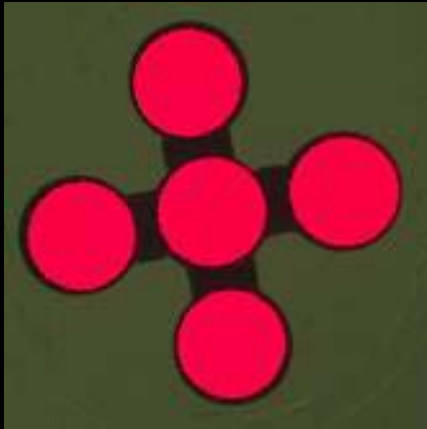


Lunar Orbiter Laser Altimeter (LOLA)

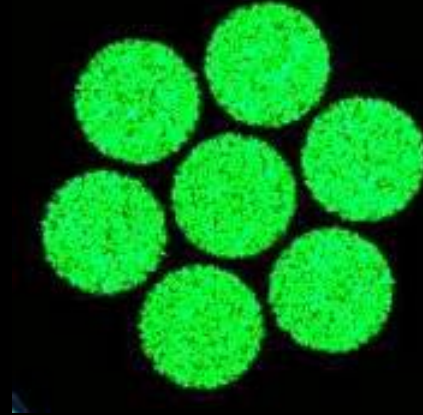




# NASA GSFC Fiber Optic Array Assemblies for the Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter



Array Side End Face Picture at 200X magnification



End Face Picture of both assembly ends at 200X magnification



## **Lunar Orbiter Laser Altimeter (LOLA) Assemblies**

Description: 5 Fiber Array in AVIM PM on Side A,  
Fan out to 5 individual AVIM connectors Side B

Wavelength: 1064 nm

Quantity ~ 3 Assemblies Max ~ 0.5 m long



## **Laser Ranging (LR) for LRO Assemblies**

Description: 7 Fiber Array on both Sides in AVIM  
PM Connector

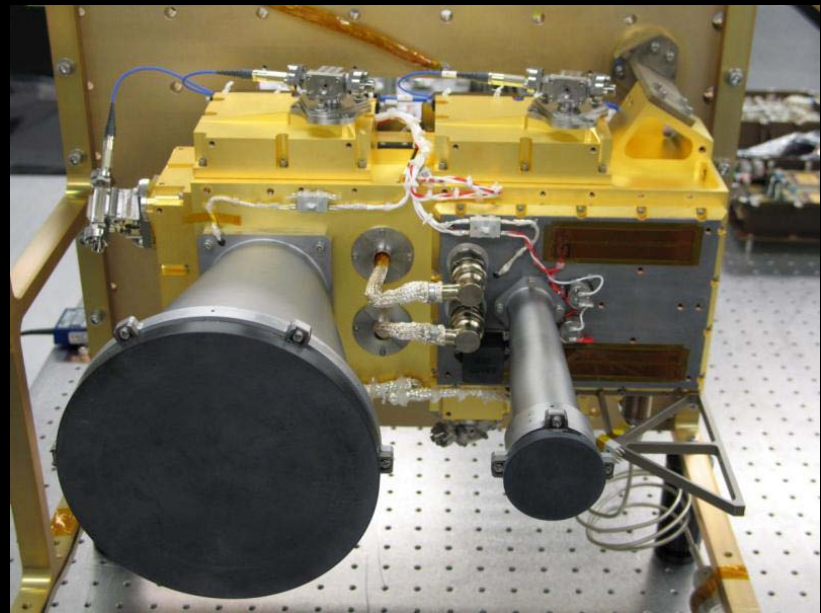
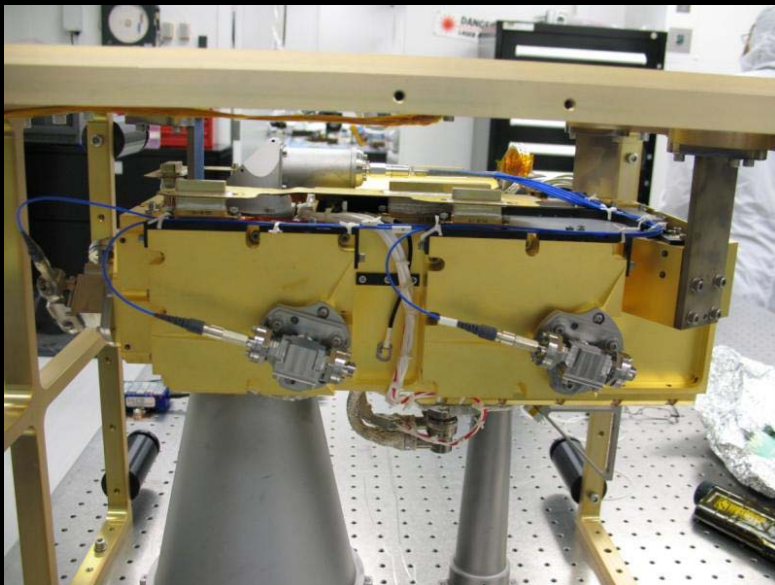
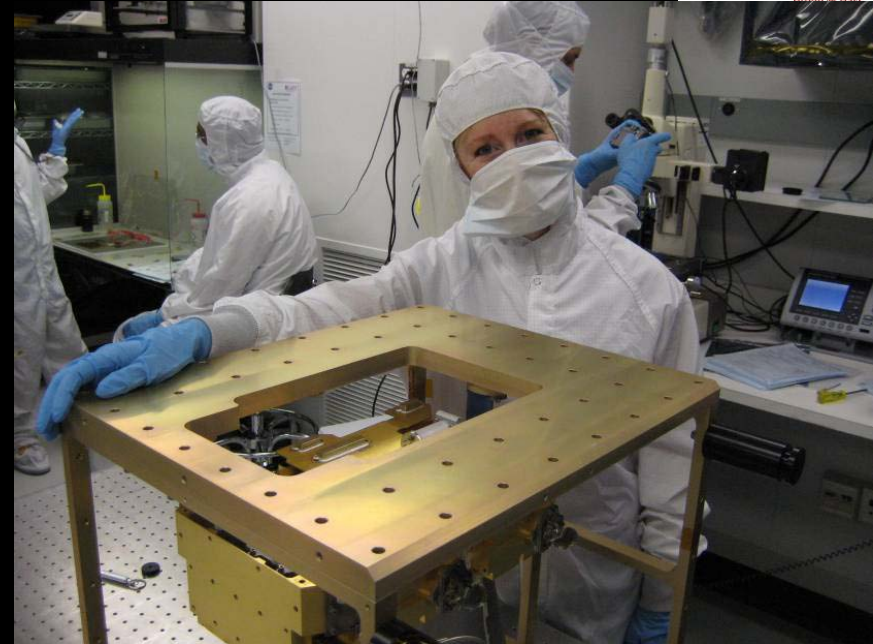
Wavelength: 532 nm

Quantity ~ 9 Assemblies ~ 1 to 4 m long each





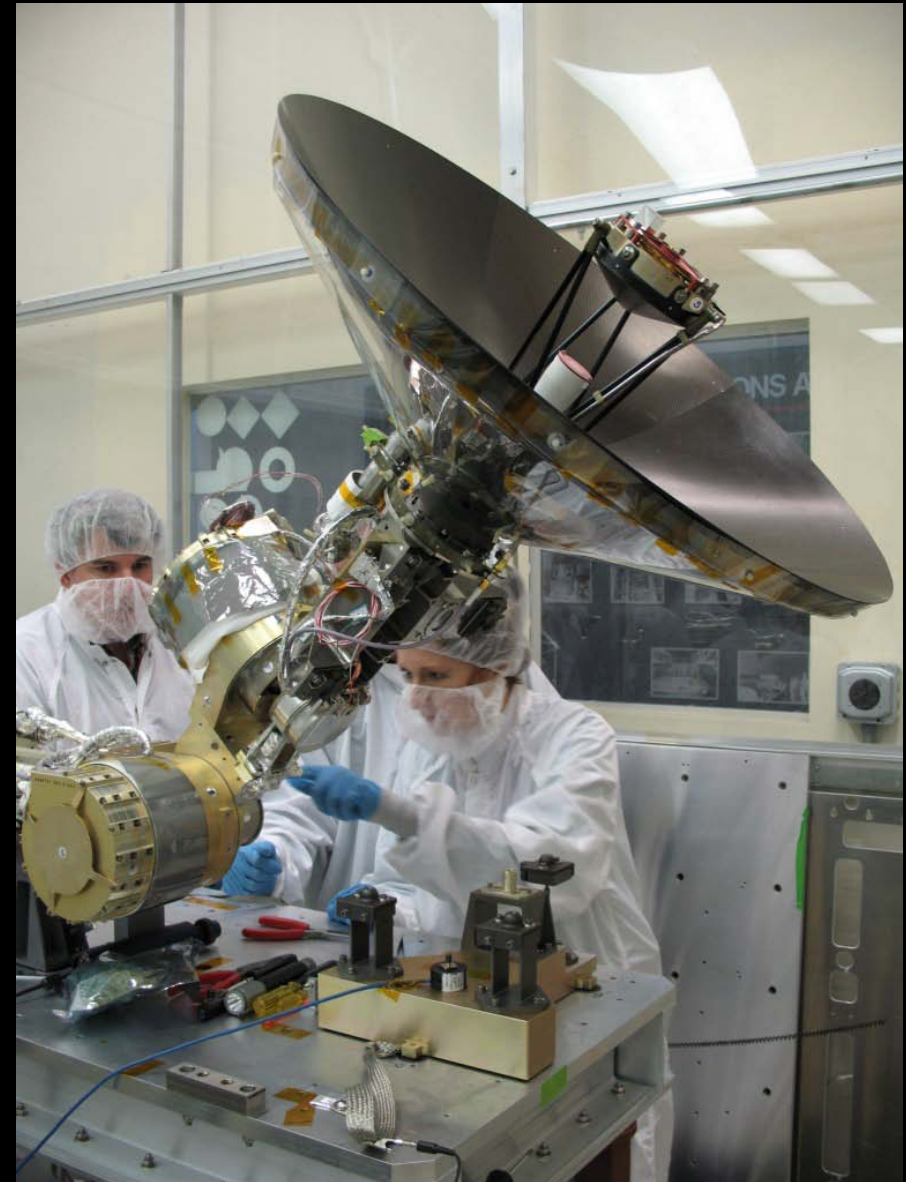
# *LOLA Integration, October 2007*







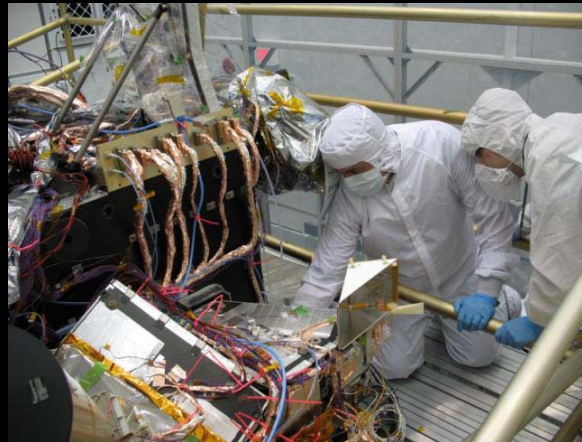
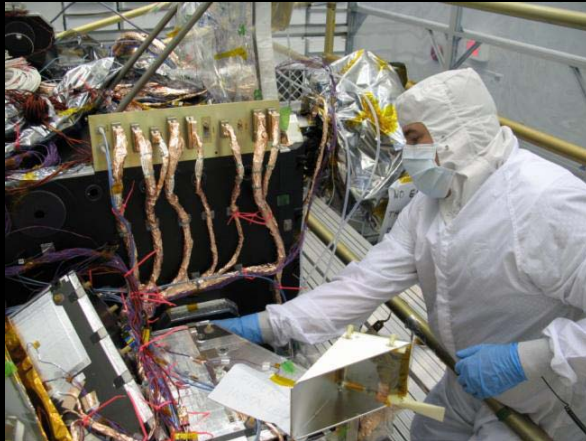
# *Lunar Recon. Orbiter - LRT & HGAS, 02-2008*







# *LR Segment 3 Flight Routing, April 2008*

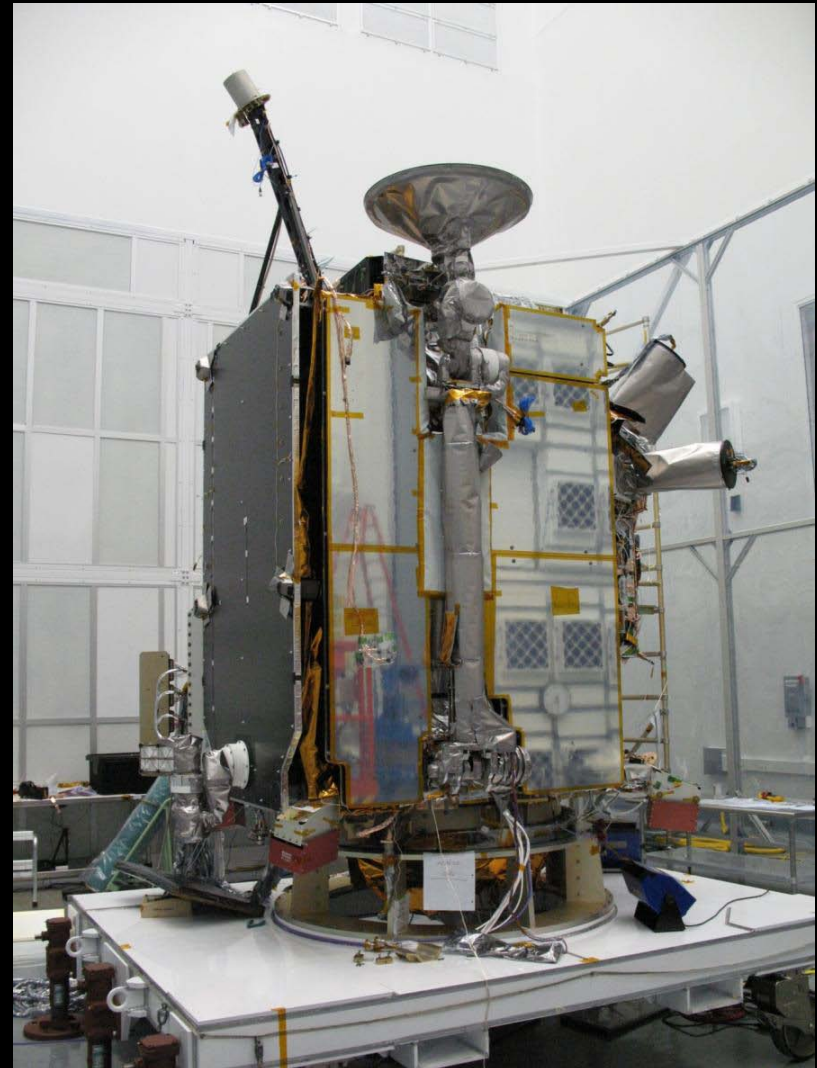
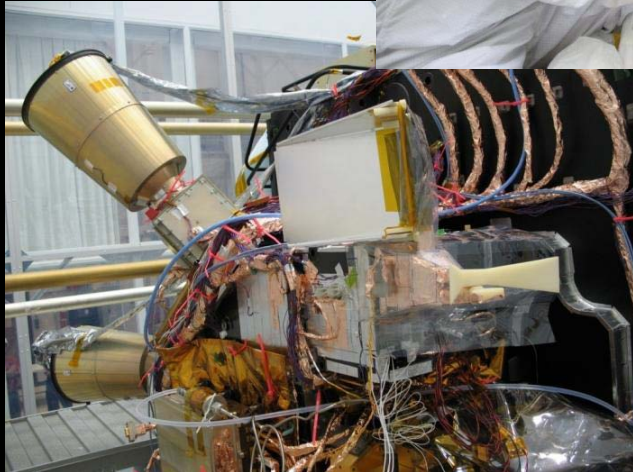
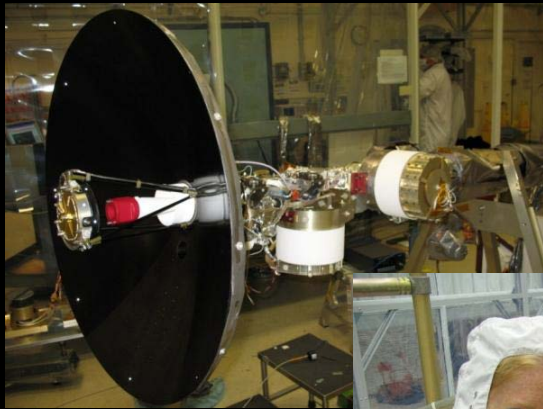






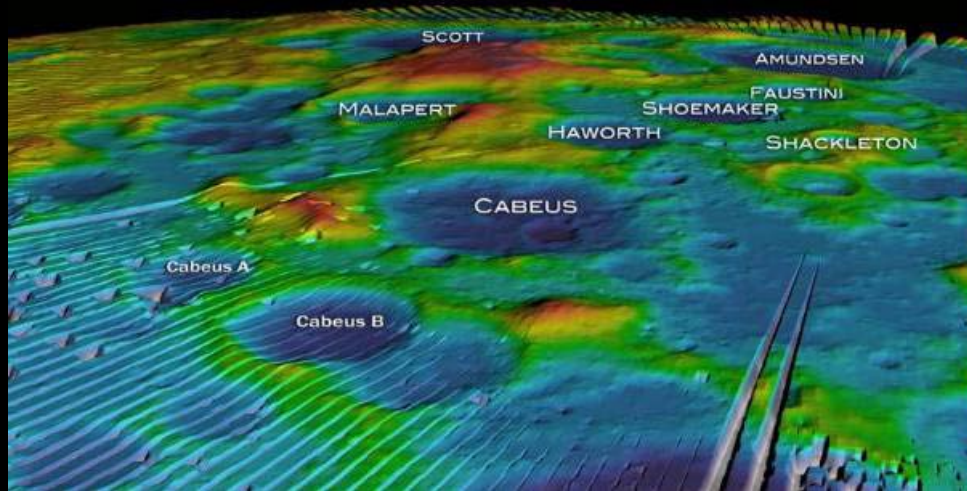
# *Additional Pictures of LRO, June 2008*

## *Integration Complete*





# *LOLA Progress*



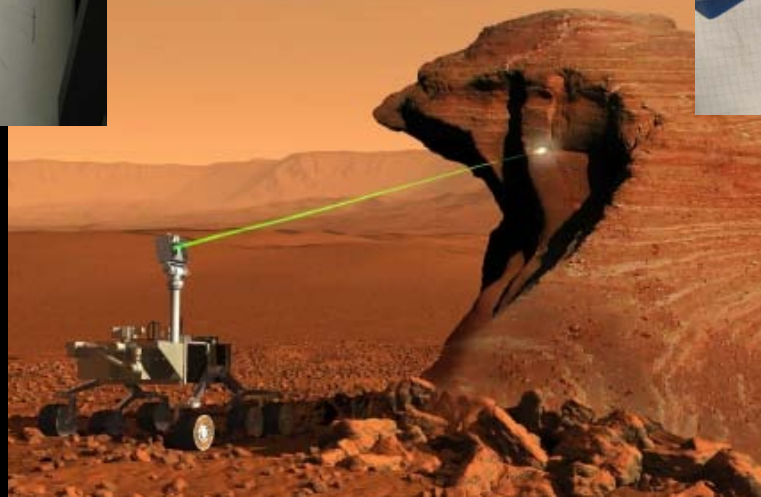
**Altitude measurements of the south pole from the Lunar Orbiter Laser Altimeter (LOLA) instrument aboard the Lunar Reconnaissance Orbiter. Permanently shadowed areas are coldest, and confirmed to hold ice; permanently illuminated areas may be good spots for solar power stations.**

<http://www.foxnews.com/slideshow/scitech/2009/09/23/water-moon?slide=9>





# Mars Science Lab, Chem Cam AVIM connectors – Flexlite Cable



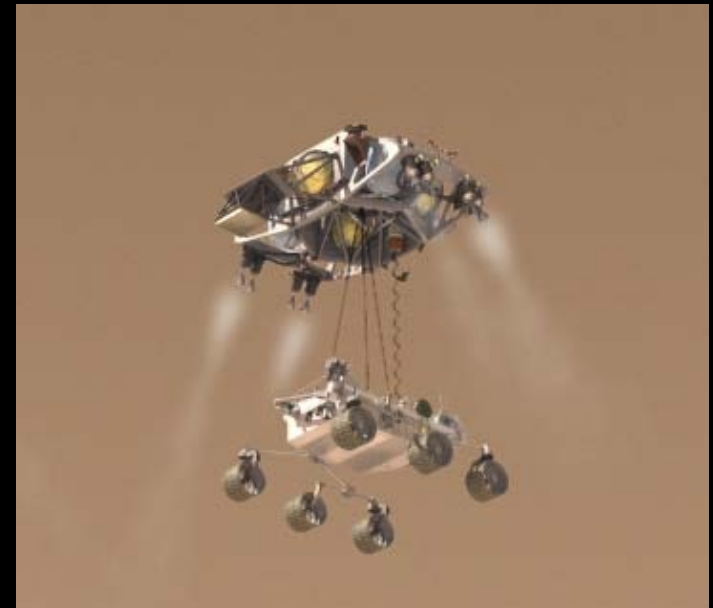
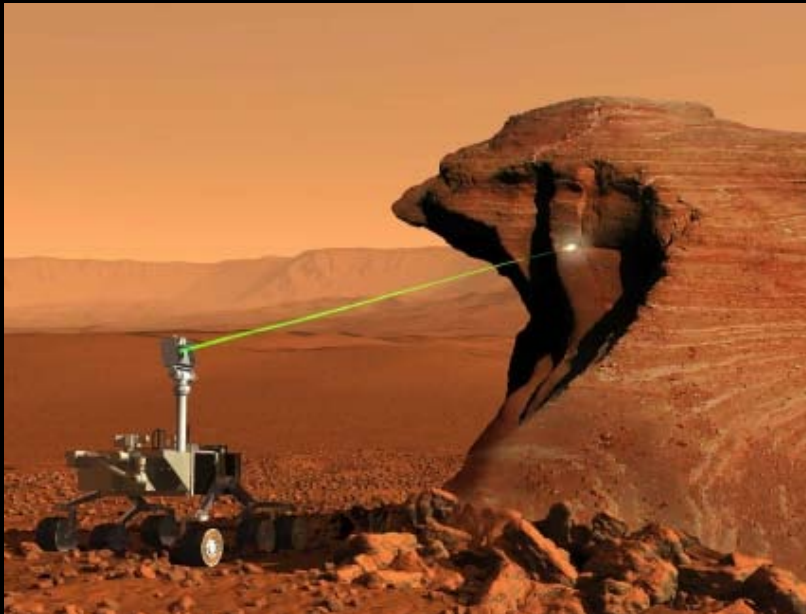


## *Mars Science Lab – ChemCam Optical Assemblies, Launch delayed.*



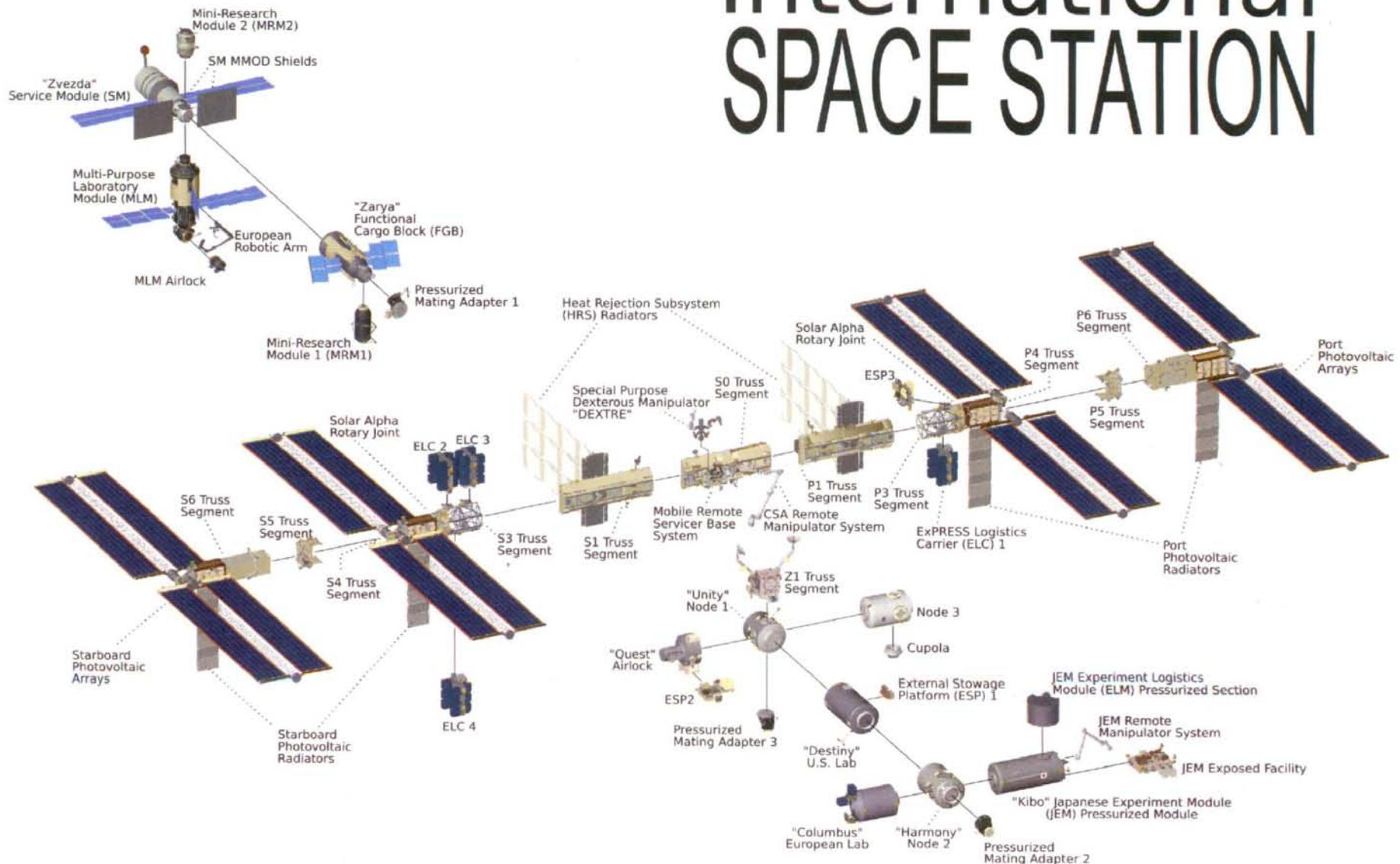
Similar application as LRO

- Simplex Assemblies for receiver optics to spectrometer.
- Tried large core, 300/330 micron acrylate fiber from Nufern for flat broad spectrum with small  $NA=.13$ , unstable to bending, evaluated for radiation, W.L. Gore FON 1442, PEEK outer diameter 2.8 mm.
- Changed W.L. Gore Flexlite simplex FON1482 with FVA300330500 Polymicro,  $NA=.22$ .
- Diamond AVIM connector, custom drilling.
- Across gimbal system for  $-135^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$  survival,  $-80^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$  operational,  $+110^{\circ}\text{C}$  high temp bakeout due to decontamination process.
- Manufacturing, Environmental Testing including; thermal, vibration, radiation
  - Thermal  $-50^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+80^{\circ}\text{C}$ , for 30 cycles as a validation of the termination process.
  - Vibration, JPL custom profile  $\sim 7.9$  grms, and 14.1 grms GSFC typical.
  - Radiation comparison analysis performed, based on data from previous missions.





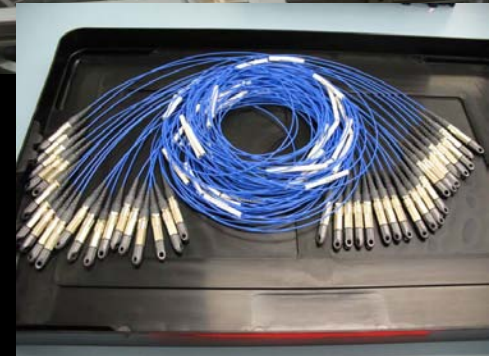
# International SPACE STATION







# *Express Logistics Carrier for ISS; Communications System Assemblies*



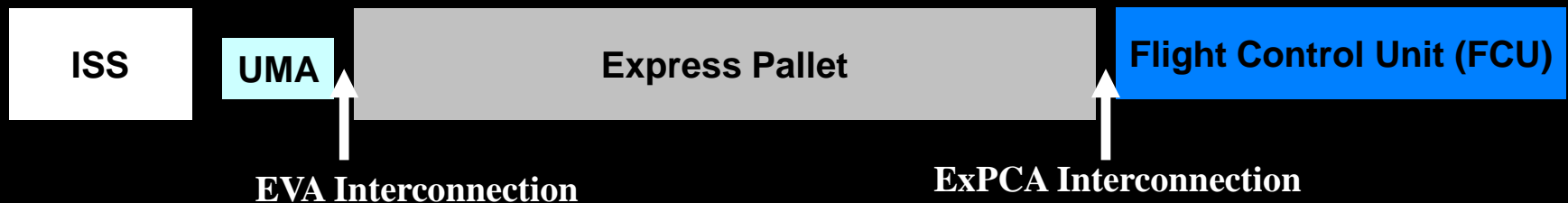
**GSFC Photonics Group –  
Flight Control Unit Transceiver Assemblies  
(Space Photonics) SPI- FCU Transceivers  
GSFC Photonics Group - Harnessing**



# Subsystem Components



Component	Manufacturer	Part Number/ Identifier
Transceivers for FCU	Space Photonics	HMP1-TRX
Transceiver Interconnection	Diamond	AVIM
Transceiver Optical Fiber	Nufern	FUD-2940
Transceiver Cable	W.L Gore	Flexlite, simplex FON1435
ExPCA Interconnection	Sabritec	SSQ22680
ExPCA Termini	ITT Canon	SSQ21636-NRP-F-16 (S,P)
Harness Optical Cable	BICC	SSQ21654-NFOC-2FFF-1GRP-1 (Obsolete)
Attenuator	GSFC/Diamond	Cleanable AVIM Adapter
Attenuator Interconnection	Diamond	AVIM
EVA Connector Circular	Amphenol	SSQ21635
EVA Termini	ITT Canon	SSQ21635-NZGC-F-16 (SB,PB)
ISS-UMA Connector	ISS Supplied	ISS Supplied

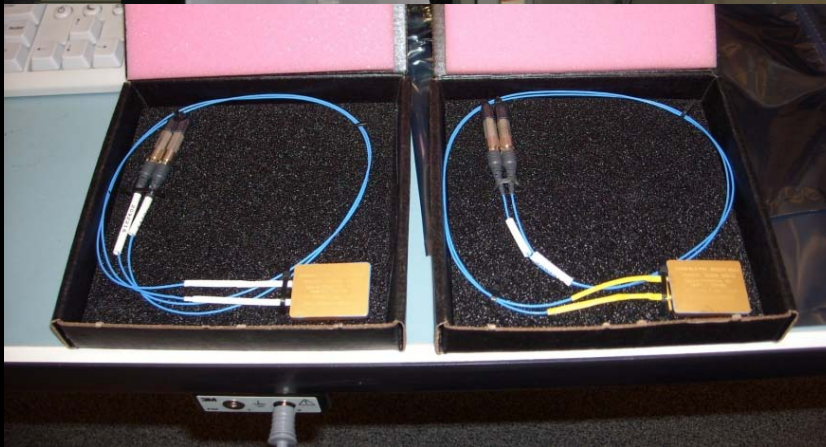






# *Express Logistics Carrier, Connection to ISS*

## *AVIM connectors – Flexlite Cable*

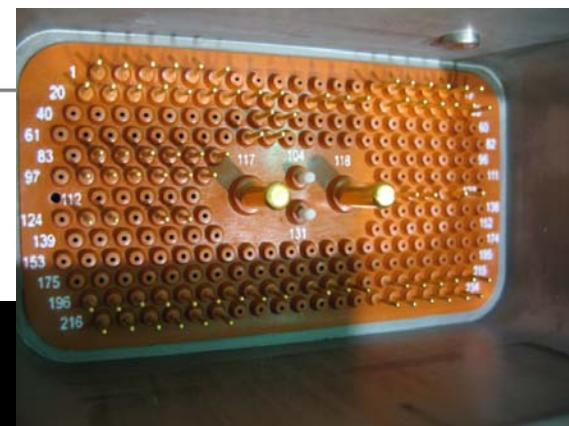
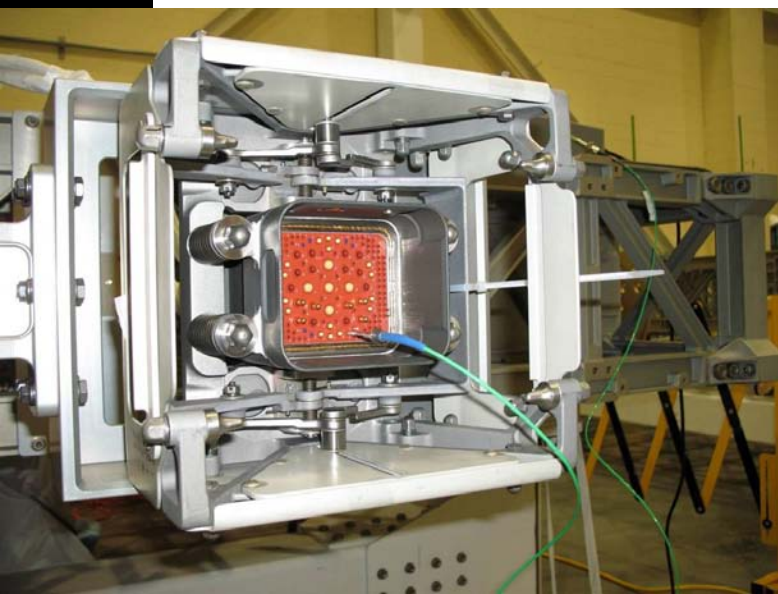
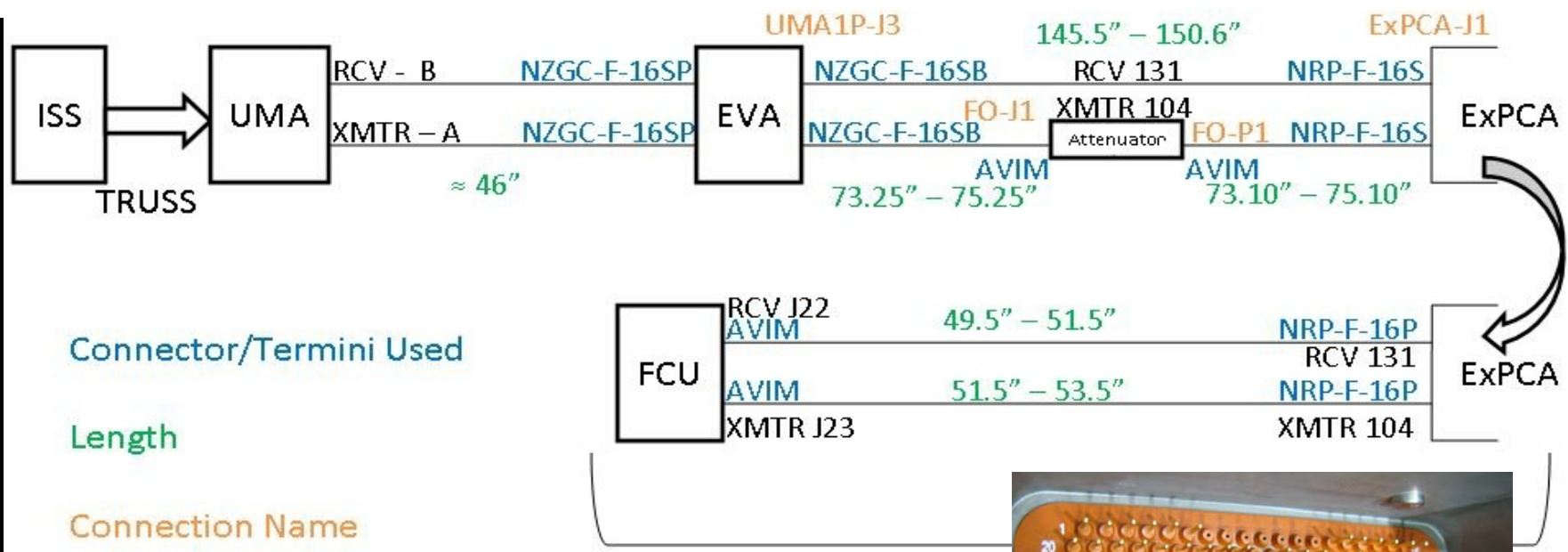


**Fiber Optic Flight Assemblies for Space Photonics Transceivers**





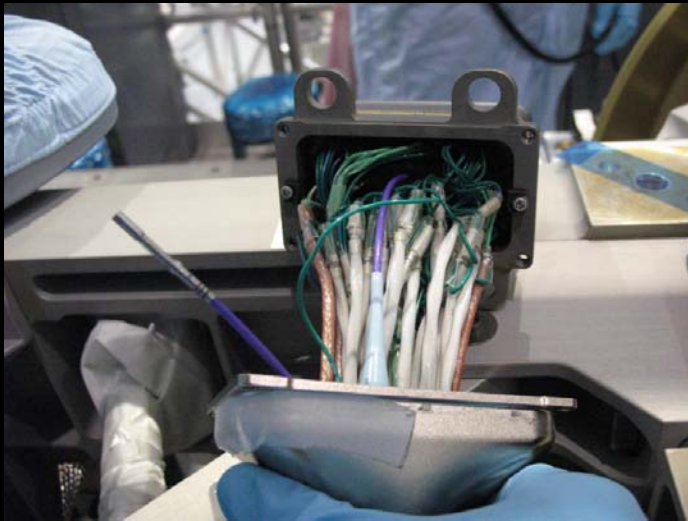
# Harnessing Diagram for Express Logistics Carrier on ISS



ExPCA Connector



## *Integration of the ELC assemblies at KSC International Space Station Facility*

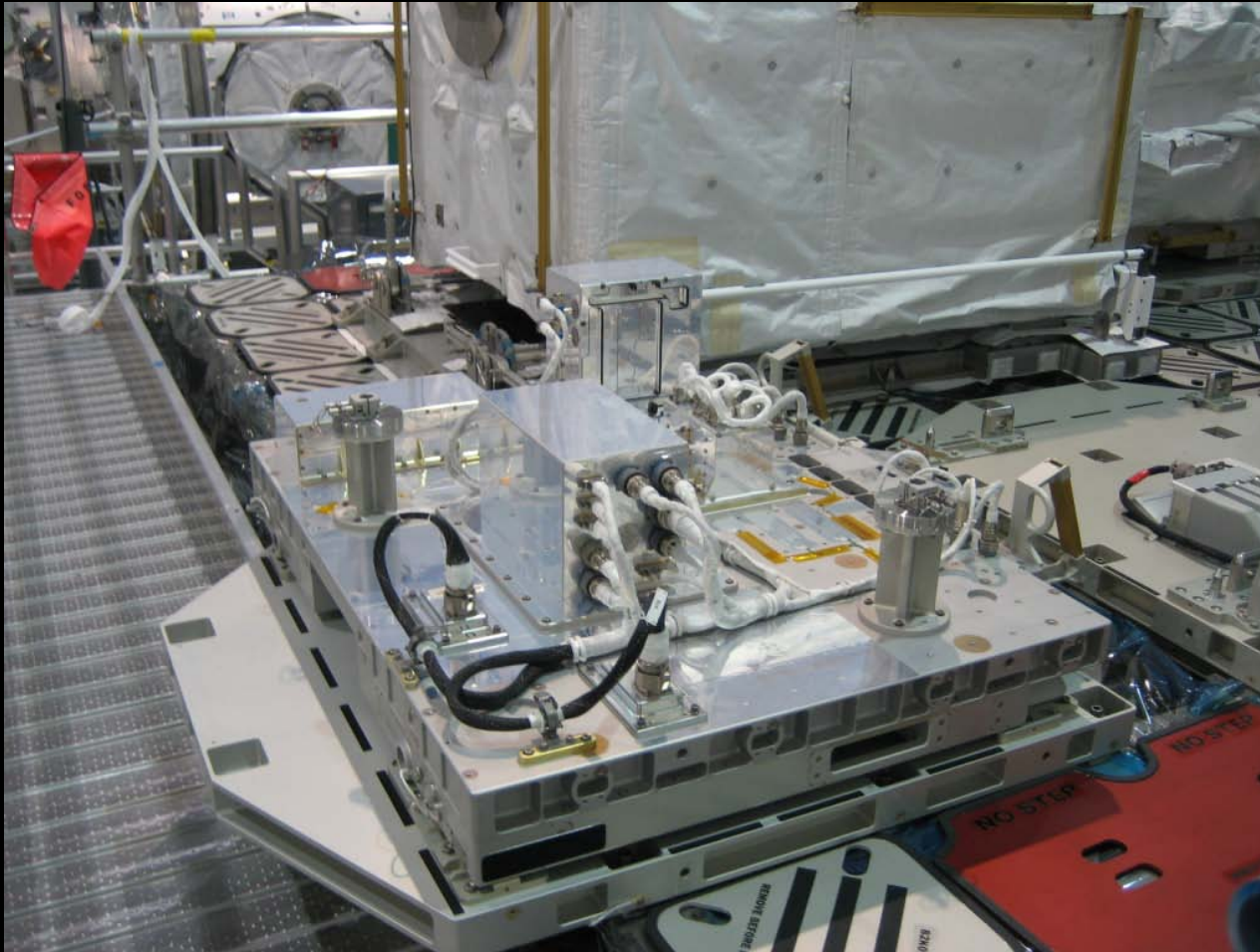


**Last assemblies to integrate into the harnessing were the optical fiber assemblies, reason = risk mitigation.  
Schedule constraints led to integration at the  
International Space Station Processing Facility at Kennedy Space Center.  
Lesson Learned= Integrate sooner.**





# *ELC Cargo on ISS*



**MISSE-7 the 7<sup>th</sup> Materials International Space Station Experiment Installed.**  
**High Pressure Gas Tank were installed by the STS-129 Crew on November 23<sup>rd</sup> 2009 on From**  
**ELC-2 to Quest Airlock for entering space walkers.**



# *ELC Launches to ISS on STS-129*



Credit: NASA/Goddard/Orbital Sciences Corp.

Engineers inspect one of the ExPRESS Logistics Carriers in the small clean room at NASA's Goddard Space Flight Center

On November 18 2009 Space Shuttle Atlantis and the International Space Station (ISS) astronauts attached the ExPRESS Logistics Carrier-1 (ELC) to the Earth-facing side of the station's left truss, or backbone. This is the first of two ELCs that will be installed on the station's exterior during STS-129, providing easily-accessible spares to increase the longevity of the station. Designed and built at Goddard, this newly formed project designed, built, and tested five unpressurized aluminum carriers and six avionics packages for bringing spare hardware and science to the ISS.

GSFC *Dateline* November 19 2009



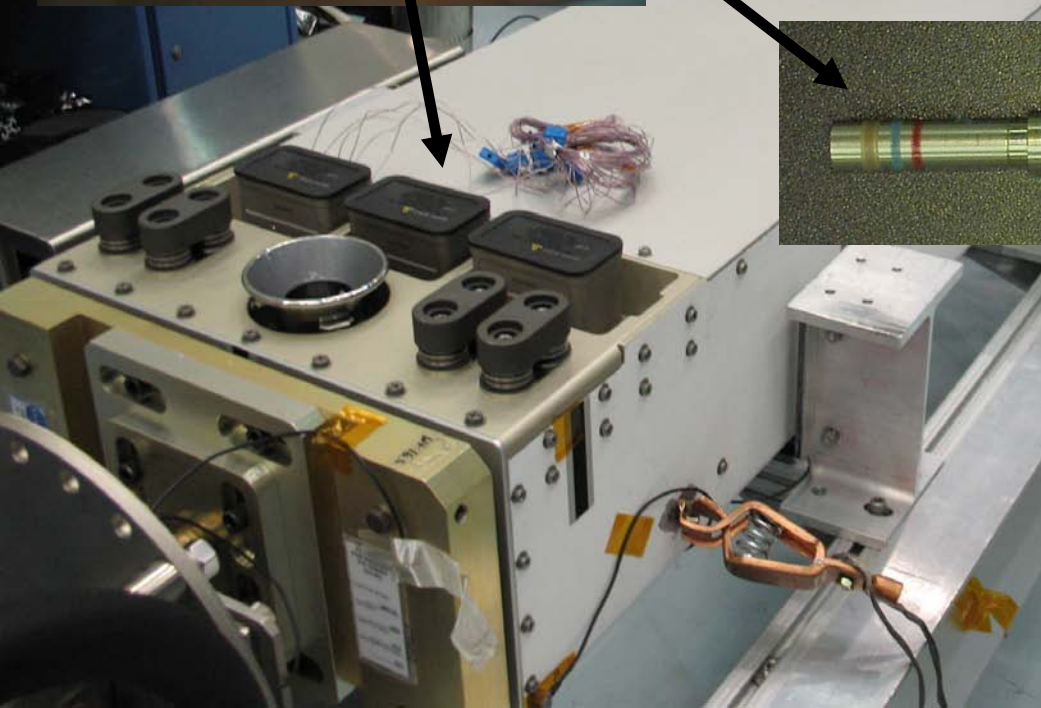
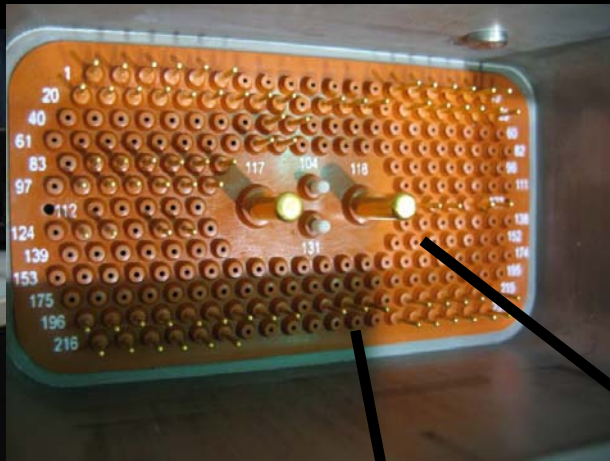


# ISS Connector/Pin Anomaly



*When we use older technologies we continue to complain about optical fiber being “complicated”*

ExPCA Location





# ExPCA Connector Anomaly Investigation



Why did the pins break off?

SSQ21636-NRP-F-16 Mated Pair

Pin: SSQ21636-NRP-F-16P

Socket: SSQ21636-NRP-F-16S



SSQ21636-NRP-F-16S

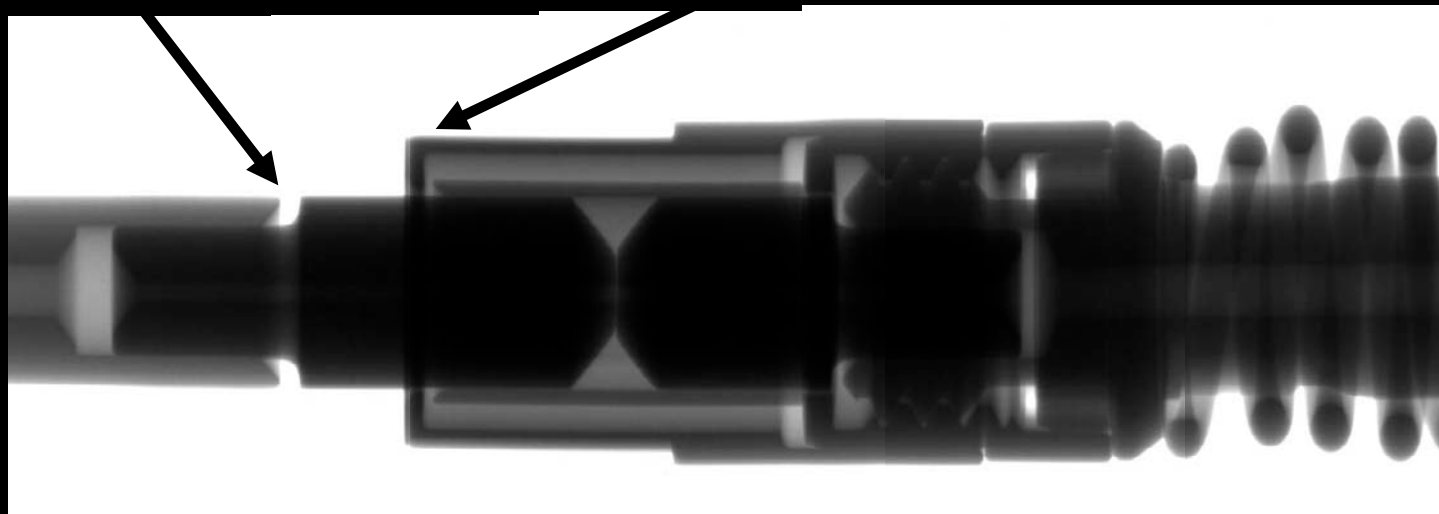


SSQ21636-NRP-F-16P



Gap between Ceramic and Metal Shell

Socket does not engage the entire pin, leaving joint vulnerable



X-Ray Image



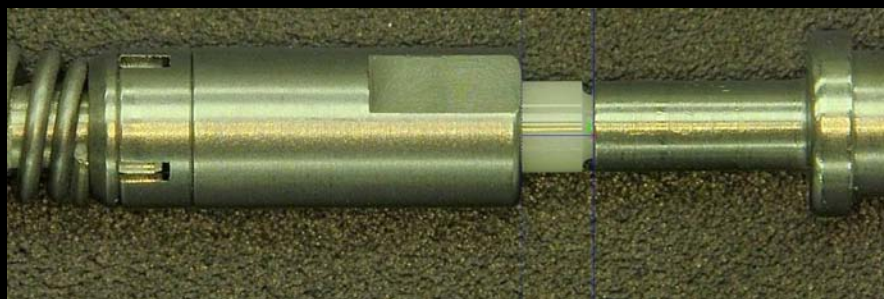


## SSQ21635 & SSQ21636 Termini

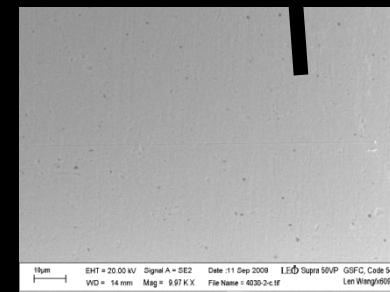
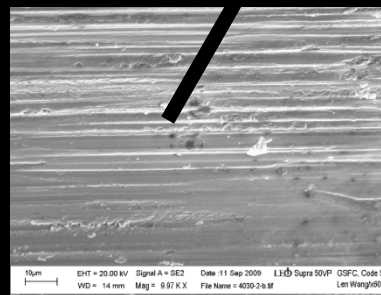
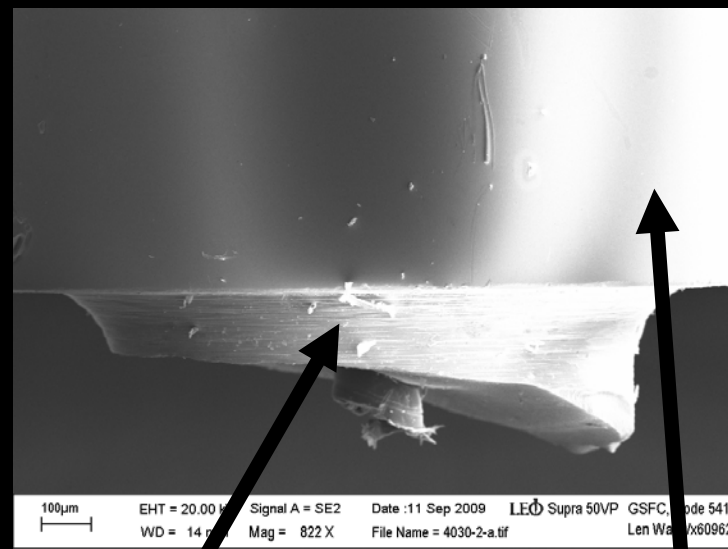


*Designed to make breakage more likely at ceramic/metal shell interface  
Military 29504 Specification no longer supports this slash sheet (drawing)*

Longer Version NRP-F-16P (S)



Shorter Version NZGC-F-16-PB (SB)



**Lesson Learned : Support the Development of Current Standards:**  
**.JEDEC & SAE**



# *James Webb Space Telescope (JWST) Optical Telescope Element Simulator*



**Cryogenic Optical Assemblies for GSFC “Super  
Ferrule” Connector Design  
For simulation of 600 nm to 5600 nm for JWST.**





# James Web Space Telescope Optical Simulator (OSIM)



Types of Optical Fiber Tested in Diamond ceramic shell titanium ferrules and FC connectors with and without crimp:

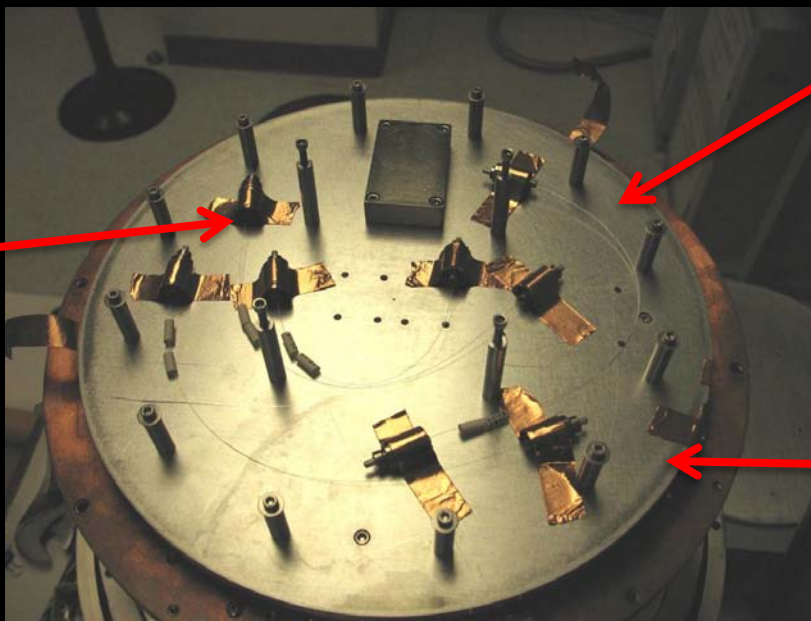
- 1) Fibercore, Single mode types, SM600 & SM900.
- 2) Infrared Fiber Systems, ZBLAN doped, 200 micron
- 3) CorActive AsSe 30 micron

Cryogenic Validation Testing:

To less than 100 Kelvin

For OSIM integration the required Cryo assemblies are:  
Side A: Ceramic/Titanium ferrules, Side B: Diamond FC

Fiber Optic  
Terminations



Temperature  
Controlled Heat  
Plate



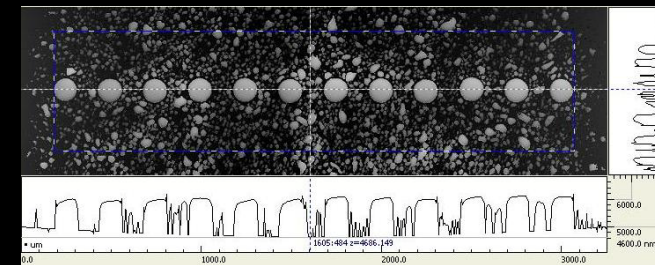
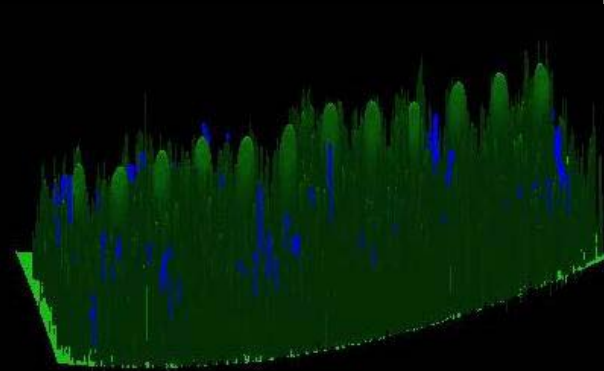
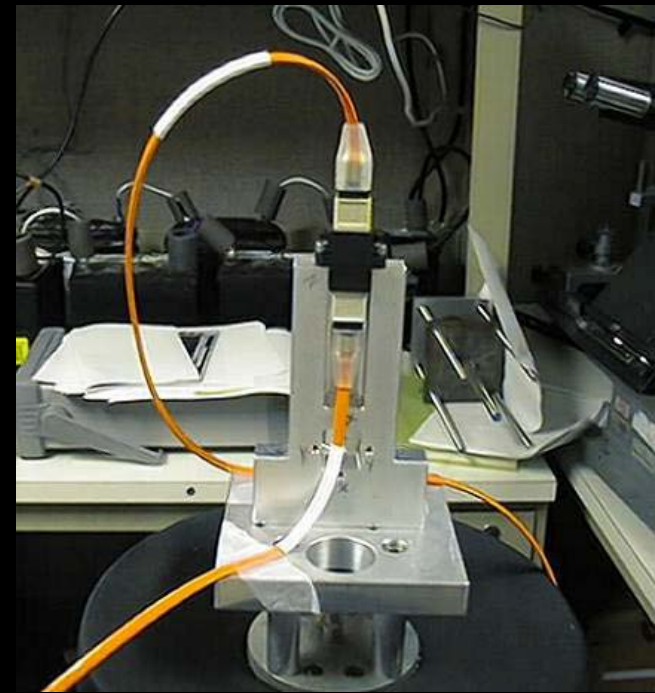
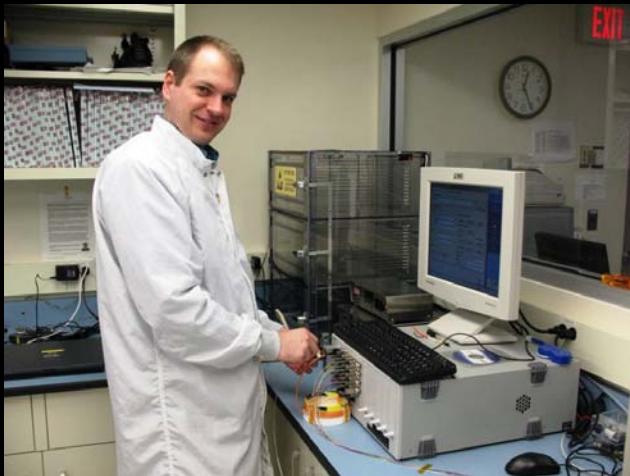
Chamber Cold  
Plate



# *The MTP Connector for Communications*

## *Support to NASA & DOE, Sandia*

### *Qualification Testing of the MTP, 1998 - 2009*





# *NASA Electronic Parts & Packaging Program (NEPP) Radiation Database 2008*

<http://nepp.nasa.gov>





# NEPP Optical Fiber Radiation Database

## Commercial Optical Fiber Descriptions

### Multimode Optical Fiber Candidates



**MULTIMODE FIBER DESCRIPTIONS SUMMARY TABLE**

Fiber ID	Manufacturer	Part Number	Fiber Description	Ref#
MM-021002	Heraeus	SSU 1.2 107/00	Step Index; 104/125/250; 0.22na; High OH Low Cl; CDDR 1.2; 40m & 70m	[1]
MM-021003	Heraeus	STU 1.2 237/2000	Step Index; 104/125/250; 0.22na; High OH Low Cl; CDDR 1.2; 40m & 70m	[1]
MM-021004	Mitsubishi Rayon	STR100C-SY	Step Index; 100/150/300; Low OH; 40m & 70m	[1]
MM-021005	FORC	KS-4V	Step Index; 110/125/280; 0.6 <sup>2</sup> OH	[1]
MM-022204	Fujikura Ltd.	G-series MM Fiber	F-doped OH free; 200/250; 20m Length	[2]
MM-022205	Mitsubishi	MF Fiber	F-doped OH free; 200/250; 20m Length	[2]
MM-031101	Polymicro	FVP300330370	300/330/370; 0.7m - 1.68m Length	[3]
MM-031102	Polymicro	FIP300330370	300/330/370; 1.68m - 2.06m Length	[3]
MM-031401	Polymicro	FIA200220500	200/220/500; Acrylate; W.L. Gore FON1173; 10m Length	[4]
MM-031402	Polymicro	FIA300330500	300/330/500; Acrylate; W.L. Gore FON1174; 10m Length	[4]
MM-051201	OFS	F14369	Graded Index; Polyimide; Hermetic; 0.20na; 20m Length	[5]
MM-051202	Corning	InfniCol Fiber 50/125	0.20na; Graded-Index; Acrylate; 20m Length	[5]
MM-060204	Nufern	GR50/125-23-HTA	50/125; Graded-Index; <10m Length; Rad-Hard	[6]
MM-060205	Nufern	GR62.5/125-27-HTA	62.5/125; Graded-Index; <10m Length; Rad-Hard	[6]
MM-060206	Nufern	GR100/140-24-HTA	100/140; Graded-Index; <10m Length; Rad-Hard	[6]
MM-060207	OFS	BF04431	62.5/125; Graded-Index; <10m Length; Rad-Hard	[6]
MM-060208	OFS	BF05444	100/140; Graded-Index; <10m Length; Rad-Hard	[6]
MM-061701	Nufern	GR 100/140-24-HTA	12-Fiber 100/140 Graded-Index; 6.35m; Rad-Hard; W.L. Gore FOA 8100/12/1	[7]
MM-071101	ThorLabs	BFL37-200	200/230; Low OH; 50m Length	[8]
MM-071102	ThorLabs	BFH37-200	200/230; High OH; 50m Length	[8]
MM-072101	Polymicro	FIA200220500	200/220/500; Acrylate; 0.22NA; W.L. Gore FON1173 10m Length	[9]
MM-072201	Polymicro	FIA400440580	400/440/500; Acrylate; 0.22NA; W.L. Gore FON1416; 9.5m Length	[10]
MM-090103	Draka	RadHard SMF	DRAKA Elite 50/125/242; 1km length	[11]
MM-090104	Draka	Super RadHard SMF	DRAKA Elite 50/125/242; 1km length	[11]
MM-090201	Nufern	FUD3731	300/330; 0.12NA; W.L. Gore FON1442 PEEK Jacket; 10m Length	[12]



# NEPP Optical Fiber Radiation Database

## Radiation Effects Summary Multimode Candidates



**MULTIMODE FIBER RADIATION EFFECTS SUMMARY TABLE**

Fiber ID	$\lambda$ (nm)	Dose Rate (Gamma)	Total Dose (Gamma)	Temp	Attenuation (dB/m)	Details	[Ref#]
MM-021002	829nm	125 rads/s	1M rads	25°C	0.013	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	300 krad	25°C	0.008	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	100 krad	25°C	0.0065	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	30 krad	25°C	0.005	Graph Data	[1]
MM-021003	829nm	125 rads/s	1M rads	25°C	0.2	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	300 krad	25°C	0.25	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	100 krad	25°C	0.29	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	30 krad	25°C	0.27	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	1M rads	25°C	0.012	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	300 krad	25°C	0.013	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	100 krad	25°C	0.014	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	30 krad	25°C	0.015	Graph Data	[1]
MM-021004	829nm	125 rads/s	1M rads	25°C	0.16	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	300 krad	25°C	0.08	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	100 krad	25°C	0.045	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	30 krad	25°C	0.029	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	1M rads	25°C	0.01	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	300 krad	25°C	0.005	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	100 krad	25°C	0.004	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	30 krad	25°C	0.003	Graph Data	[1]
MM-021005	829nm	125 rads/s	1M rads	25°C	0.65	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	300 krad	25°C	0.9	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	100 krad	25°C	1.00	Graph Data	[1]
	829nm	125 rads/s	30 krad	25°C	0.96	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	1M rads	25°C	0.027	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	300 krad	25°C	0.028	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	100 krad	25°C	0.026	Graph Data	[1]
	1310nm	125 rads/s	30 krad	25°C	0.025	Graph Data	[1]
MM-022204	600-650nm	333 rads/s	190M rads	25°C	0.9	Reported Data	[2]
MM-022205	600-650nm	333 rads/s	190M rads	25°C	0.25	Reported Data	[2]



# References for the Radiation Database 2008



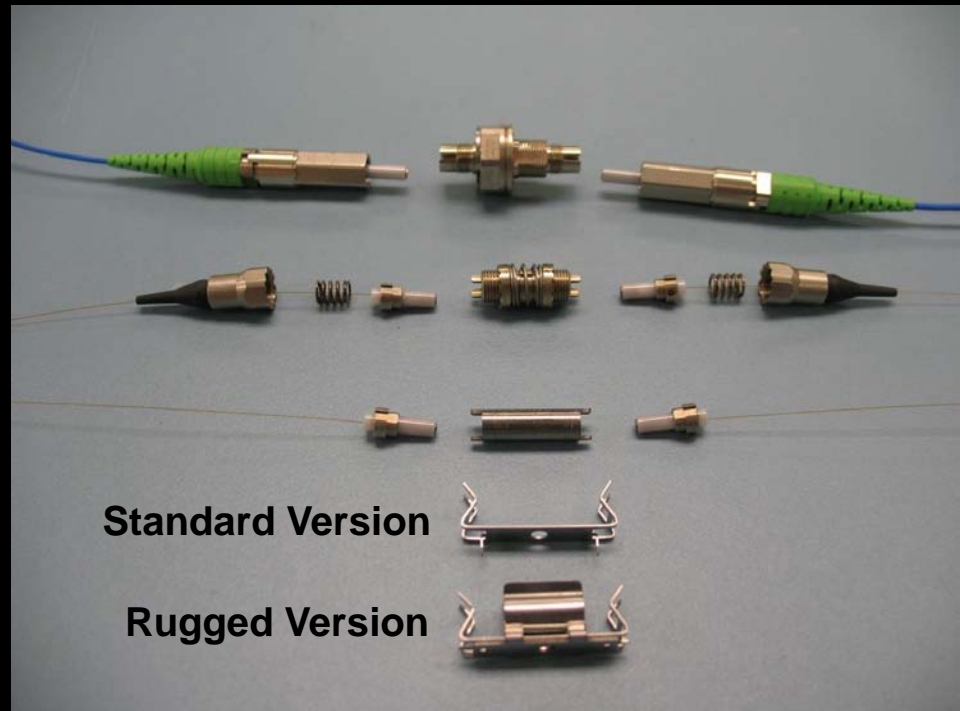
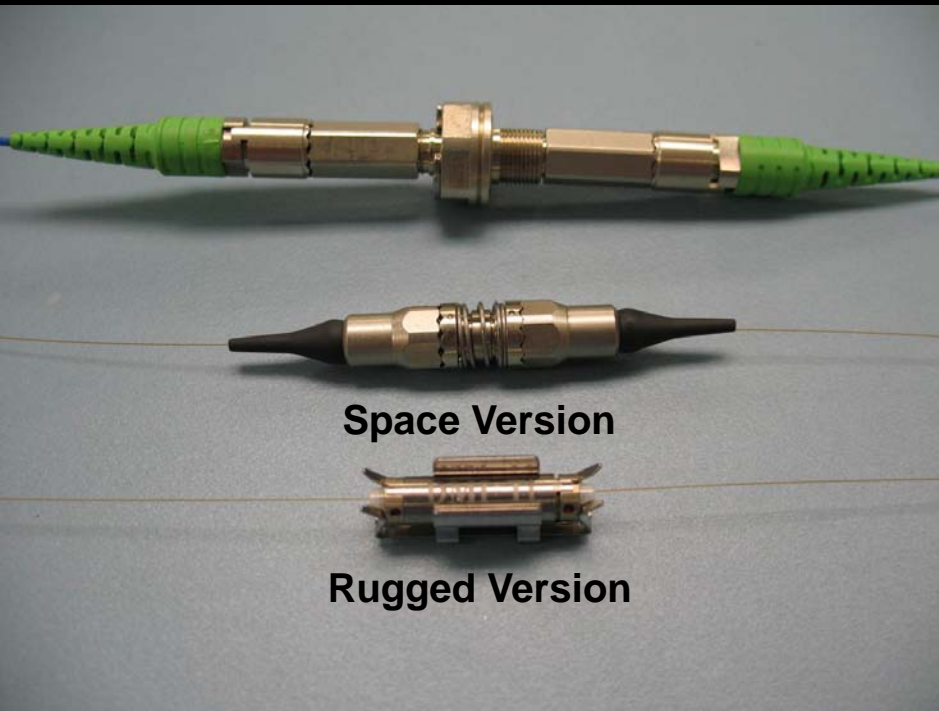
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# ***NASA Electronic Parts and Packaging Program Component Evaluations for Small Form Factor Applications***

**As a technology validation of the Diamond DMI  
(Mini A VIM) for space form factor applications the following tests were  
conducted:**

**Pull Force Data  
Thermal Testing  
Vibration Testing**





# NASA Flight & Test Heritage of the Diamond AVIM

Project	Dev	Launch	Connectors	Description	Details
Geoscience Laser Altimeter System (GLAS) on ICESAT	1998	2001	AVIM Standard Single Mode / Multi Mode / Flat Polish	Gore Flexlite SM & MM 2 Km of SM	Custom drill in ferrule, tungsten carbide shell ferrules
Mercury Laser Altimeter (MLA) MESSENGER	2001	2004	AVIM Standard, Flat Polish	330 um MM Flexlite	Custom drill in ferrule, tungsten carbide shell ferrules
Shuttle Return to Flight NEPTEC Laser Heat Tile Sensor	2003	2005	AVIM standard SM APC & SM	BICC OC1008, one sided terminations.	Standard pilz ferrule, ceramic shell
Lunar Orbiter Laser Altimeter on Lunar Recon Orbiter	2007	2009	AVIM array connector, 303 SS ferrule drill @ GSFC	SS larger PM AVIM for 5 220 um fibers side one, fan out standard side two, Flexlite	Custom drill 220 um on fan out side, with standard AVIM tungsten carbide shell ferrules
Laser Ranging on Lunar Recon Orbiter	2007	2009	AVIM Array connector, 416 SS ferrule flower drill @ Diamond	SS larger PM AVIM for 7 440 um fibers, large custom cable	Both sides array flower pattern. Gimbal, cold, to -55 C.
Mars Science Lab, Chemcam	2008	TBD	AVIM standard custom drill ferrule for 330 um	Flexlite	Gimbal, cold, hot to 110 C
Express Logistics Carrier on ISS	2008	Nov- 2009	AVIM standard custom drill for 140 um	Space Station cable & Flexlite	Pilz ceramic shell ferrules
NASA GSFC evaluation of Mini AVIM & DMI	2008	none	Bare fiber for thermal and vibration testing.		
James Webb Space Telescope	2008	GSE	FC & AVIM titanium ferrules.	No cable, cryogenic application.	Multiple sizes, multiple materials





# ***Some Lessons Learned***



- **Know your failure modes or hire an expert to do it for you.**
  - ✓ **Materials analysis now or later, you decide.**
  - ✓ **Vendors get information from outgassing database – its not stand alone**
- **Cracked fiber may not mean catastrophic failure unless you are photon counting. Example ISS.**
- **Need experts to review documentation.**
- **Need good quality documentation;**
  - ✓ **Pre-manufacturing preconditioning of materials.**
  - ✓ **Incoming inspection of all vendor supplied items.**
  - ✓ **Manufacturing procedures.**
  - ✓ **Post manufacturing visual inspections for compliance.**
  - ✓ **Post manufacturing workmanship.**



# Conclusion



- Redundancy is used to reduce risk in communication systems.
- Optical fiber systems have been used in space flight for thirty years successfully.
- Knowledge of failure modes and materials is crucial to making feasibility decisions as well as design, manufacturing procedures and test plans.
- **Technology Needs for Near Term Future**
  - ✓ IR Photonics out to 10 um,
  - ✓ Smaller packaging,
  - ✓ Cryogenic applications
  - ✓ Outsourcing for LIDAR lasers.
  - ✓ Fiber lasers for LIDAR, Science & Comm
  - ✓ High power optical fiber assemblies
  - ✓ General LIDAR & Laser communications components

*Thank you!*

For more information please visit the website:

<http://photonics.gsfc.nasa.gov>