

#### **Outline**

# **COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS**

#### **SMOS and SMOS/MOHA**

- SMOS
- MOHA in SMOS
- COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS

## **Qualification Approach**

- Possible Strategies
- Strategy for SMOS/MOHA
- Evaluation
- Lot Acceptance
- Procurement Baselines

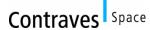
**Lessons Learned and Issues** 

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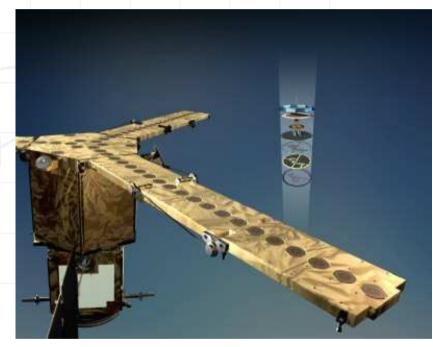




### **SMOS and SMOS/MOHA**

**COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS** 

SMOS Mission (Soil Moisture and Ocean Salinity) Payload Module:
Microwave Imaging Radiometer with Aperture Synthesis (MIRAS)



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MOHA (MIRAS Optical Harness): Connects antennas with the control and correlator unit via a custom optical bus.

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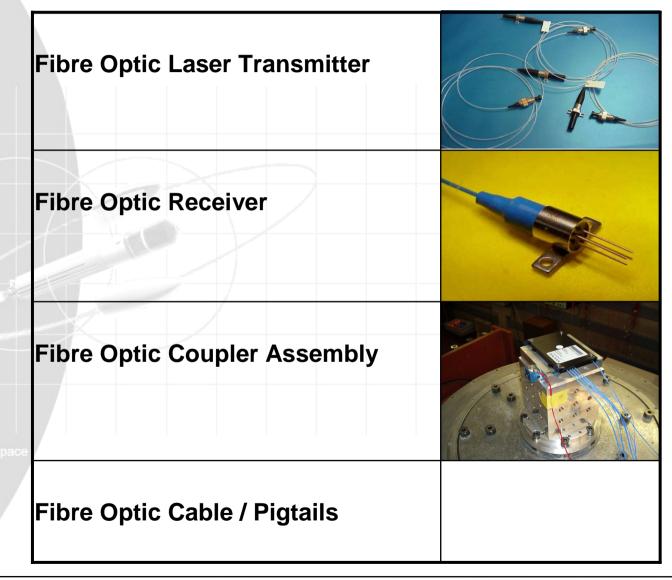
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## **COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS/MOHA**

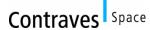
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## **Qualification Approach**

**COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS** 

- Highest quality level for commercial off-the-shelf opto-electronic components is according to Telcordia standard or similar
- Space qualified components not feasible (power budgets) or simply not existing
- A full qualification exercise as per ESCC specification not feasible due to
  - time and cost constraints
  - industry is too fast moving

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## **Qualification Approach: Strategies**

# COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS

1	Full qualification of 1 flight lot (FL) plus samples	+ least costs + shortest overall schedule - highest impact on schedule if not successful
2	Full qualification of 2 alternatives of FL plus samples in parallel	+ risk of schedule delay is lowered, high probability that one lot can be successfully qualified + shortest overall schedule - 2 qualification lots to be procured - 2 full qualification campaigns - very high cost impact
3	Partial evaluation of 2 alternatives Full qualification of 1 FL plus samples	+ costs are moderate (only one qualification) + risk of qualification failure low - impact on overall schedule is high as procurement has to be performed for the samples and after successful evaluation for the FL again
4	Partial evaluation of 2 alternatives (reservation of 2 FL plus Samples) Partial qualification of 1 FL plus samples	+ short overall schedule as the FL plus samples are already reserved + lowest risk of schedule delay + Some tests already done during evaluation and need not to be repeated during qualification - Budget is highest as the reservation penalty for the 2 <sup>nd</sup> FL is probably equal to the FL cost
)°5°e	Partial evaluation of 1 alternative (if not successful 2 <sup>nd</sup> alternative) Full qualification of 1 FL plus samples	+ high risk of schedule delay  - Overall schedule is medium as the procurement of the FL plus samples have to be done after evaluation, but impact if evaluation is not successful

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## **Qualification Approach: Strategy for SMOS/MOHA**

COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS

- One time Lot Acceptance Testing for this particular mission only
- One flight lot is purchased and tested for its suitability to the particular space application
- In order to reduce risk:
   Evaluation phase with two possible COTS candidates for each component (subjected to most critical tests, constructional analysis, manufacturer assessment)

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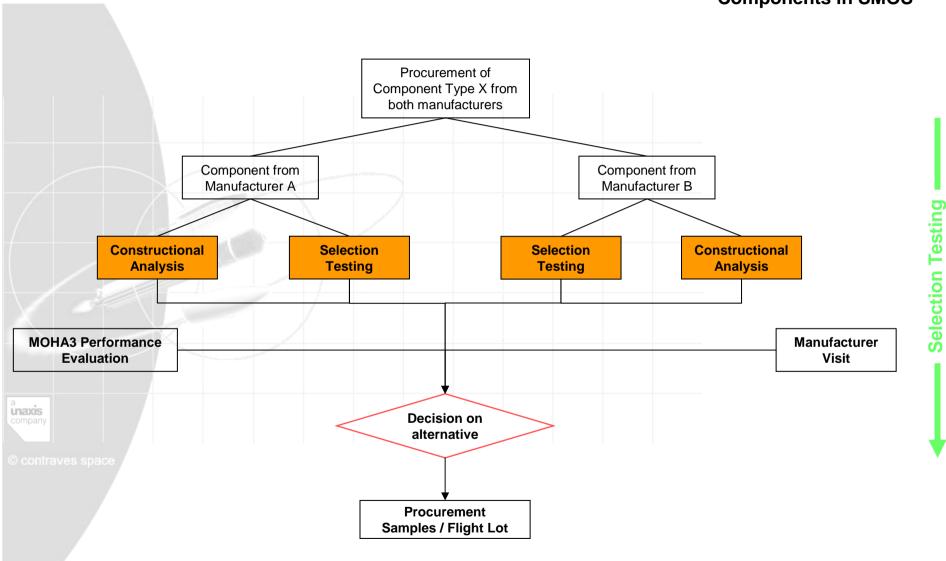
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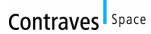
## **Qualification Approach: Evaluation Phase**

# **COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS**

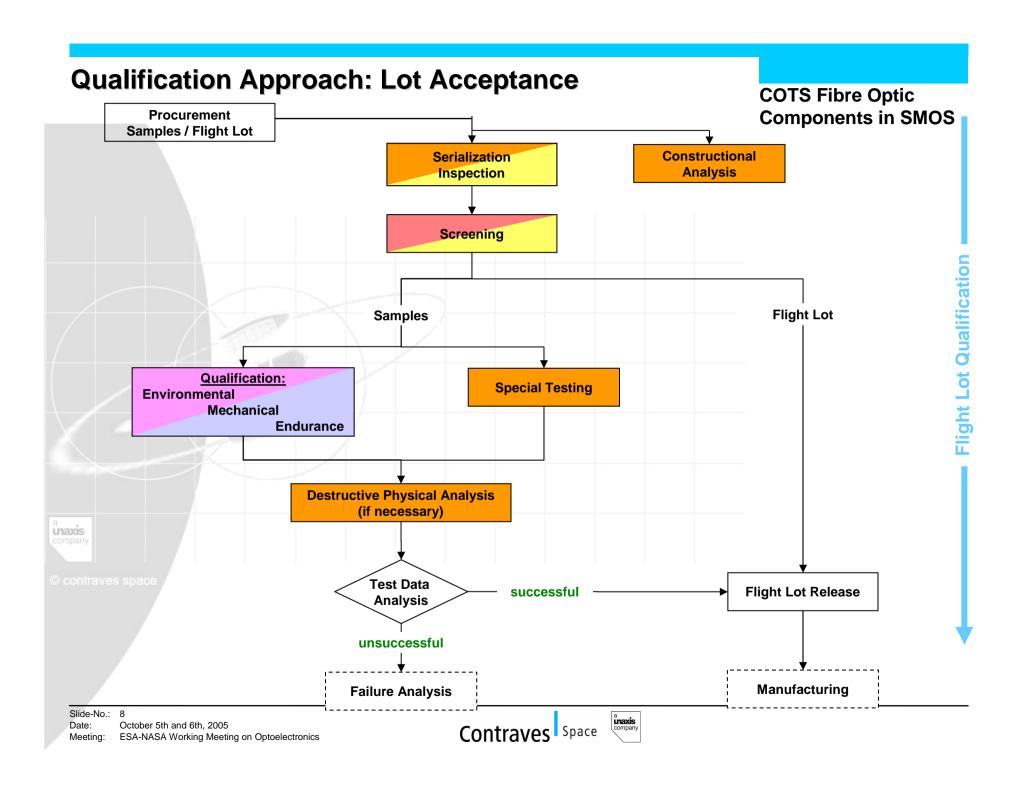


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## **Qualification Approach: Procurement Baselines**

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#### To reduce qualification effort:

- Procure different parts with as many similarities as possible:
  - same optic fibre
  - same pigtail cable
  - same fibre optic connector
- Assess willingness of manufacturer to cooperate in the proceeding
  - Willingness to disclose exact processing
  - Willingness to manufacture according to custom requirements (use the supplied fibre, cable, connectors)
  - Willingness to help in failure analysis

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#### **Issues I**

COTS Fibre Optic
Components in SMOS

 Fibre optic cables: Pay high attention to used cable design and harnessing and ensure its compliance with required temperature range and vibration and shock requirements

### Fibre optic cable design:

- loose tube good for processing pigtailed parts / couplers
- tight tube better for temperature performance

### Fibre optic cable/harnessing

- fixation of cable (vibration and shock)
- connectorising of cable/pigtail (Diamond connector, light throughput required)

Temperature behaviour of laser transmitter

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#### **Issues II**

**COTS Fibre Optic Components in SMOS** 

 Analyse used materials (epoxies, strain relief boots) for their suitability in space applications

Electro-optic components:

- Humidity content in TO-can
- Mechanical rigidness of the assembly

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#### **Lessons Learned**

COTS Fibre Optic
Components in SMOS

- Most manufacturers are not willing to customise their process for a small volume order
- Be fast, products change fast
- Smaller manufacturers show greater interest and higher flexibility to customise their manufacturing and/or disclose the exact processing
- Be very accurate in manufacturer assessment (which activities are outsourced, how is the visibility)

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